

Singapore: Key Changes to the Employment Act

Speaker: Richelle Tay





### Speaker:



Richelle Tay
Dezan Shira & Associates (DSA) Singapore Office
richelle.tay@dezshira.com
(+65) 6789 3256

SBF Center, 160 Robinson Road #25-06 Singapore 068914





#### **Table of Contents**

- ☐ Extension of Core Provisions of the Employment Act to All Employees
- □ Extension of Part IV of the Employment Act to Protect More Employees
- Enhanced Flexibility for Employers
- ☐ Enhancement of the Employment Dispute Resolution Framework
- **☐** Other Amendments to the Employment Act

### **Section 1:**

Extension of Core Provisions of the Employment Act to All Employees



#### **Extension of Core Provisions of the Employment Act**

#### <u>Current Employment Act ("EA")</u>

- All employees under a contract of service with an employer are covered, but there are exceptions.
- The current group of employees covered under the core provisions of the EA are:
  - Workmen (i.e. manual labour workers or blue-collar workers)
  - Non-workmen, who are non managers and executives (i.e. rank and file white collar workers)
  - ➤ Managers and executives (M&Es) earning up to S\$4,500 a month
- With the growing proportion of PMETs, the Singapore government will remove the S\$4,500 salary threshold for M&Es.

#### **Amended EA**

- Salary thresholds for M&Es will be removed
- M&Es earning above S\$4,500 a month will be entitled to core provisions of the EA, including:
  - ➤ Minimum 7 14 days of paid annual leave;
  - Paid public holidays and sick leave;
  - Timely payment of salary
  - Protection against wrongful dismissals

### **Section 2:**

**Extension of Part IV of the Employment Act to Protect More Employees** 



#### **Extension of Part IV of the Employment Act to Protect More Employees**

#### What is the Part IV of the EA and who does it cover currently?

- Part IV of the EA provides for rest days, hours of work, annual leave and other conditions of service, and does not cover all managers or executives.
- Part IV only applies to:
  - Workmen (i.e. manual labour workers or blue-collar workers) earning a basic monthly salary up to \$\$4,500;
  - Non-workmen, who earns a monthly basic salary up to \$\$2,500
- The overtime rate payable for non-workmen is also currently capped at \$\\$2,250 per month

#### **Extension of Part IV of the EA:**

- With the extension of Part IV, there is additional protection on rest days, hours of work, annual leave for:
  - Non-workmen, who earns a monthly basic salary up to S\$2,600
  - Workmen (i.e. manual labour workers or blue-collar workers) earning a basic monthly salary up to \$\$4,500;
- The overtime rate payable for non-workmen will be capped at \$\$2,600 per month

### **Section 3:**

**Enhanced Flexibility for Employers** 



### **Enhanced Flexibility for Employers**

#### 1. Time-off options for working on public holidays to more employees:

#### **Changes to the Employment Practices Under the Amended EA**

 Like the core provisions, compensation for work done on public holidays now has been extended to all employees.

| Before Amendments to EA   | After Amendments to EA  |
|---|---|
| All workmen (no salary cap); and Non-workmen (no salary cap):   | Workmen earning up to S\$4,500/month; and Non-workmen earning up to S\$2,600/month:                         |
| <ul><li>Extra day's salary; or</li><li>Full day off</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Extra day's salary; or</li><li>Full day off</li></ul>   |
| For M&Es earning up to \$4,500/month:   | For M&Es earning more than \$4,500/month; Non-workmen earning more than \$\$2,600/month:                    |
| <ul> <li>Extra day's salary; or</li> <li>Full day off; or</li> <li>Time-off (less than full day)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Extra day's salary; or</li> <li>Full day off; or</li> <li>Time-off (less than full day)</li> </ul> |

#### **Enhanced Flexibility for Employers**

#### 2. Adopt less prescriptive approach for authorized deductions

#### **Current Employment Act ("EA")**

 The EA limits the type of salary deductions that employers can make, such as absence from work or damaging or losing goods entrusted to the employee

#### **Amended Employment Act ("EA")**

- Salary deductions will only be allowed if 2 conditions are fulfilled:
  - > Employee must consent to the deduction in writing; and
  - > The employer must enable the employee to withdraw his/her consent at any time, without penalty
- This approach would allow employers and employees greater flexibility to arrange for mutually agreed deductions. At the same time, employees' interests continue to be protected.
- Deductions still cannot constitute more than 50% of the employee's total salary for any one salary period.

### **Section 4:**

Enhancement of the Employment Dispute Resolution Framework



#### **Enhancement of the Employment Dispute Resolution Framework**

#### 1. Transfer of Adjudication Function to ECT for Wrongful Dismissal Claims

#### **Current Employment Dispute Resolution**

- The Tripartite Alliance for Dispute Management ("TADM") provides for salary-related claims, employment disputes such as a wrongful dismissal
- TADM provides mediation services to resolve disputes before any claims can be heard at the Employment Claims Tribunals ("ECT")
- Currently, salary-related disputes are adjudicated by the ECT, while employment disputes are adjudicated by the Ministry of Manpower ("MOM").
- In most cases, both disputes are normally lodged together or are often related

#### **Amended Employment Dispute Resolution**

- To provide employers and employees a "one-stop service", the adjudication of wrongful dismissals will now be shifted from the MOM to the ECT.
- In line with this new approach, the MOM will also include the coverage of the wrongful dismissal claims in the Tripartite Mediation Framework

#### **Enhancement of the Employment Dispute Resolution Framework**

#### 2. Reduction of Qualifying Period for Wrongful Dismissal Protection for PMEs

#### What is a Wrongful Dismissal?

A wrongful dismissal happens when an employee is dismissed without just or sufficient cause. This includes:

- Dismissal on discriminatory grounds
- Dismissal to deprive an employee of benefits or entitlements
- Dismissal to punish an employee for exercising a right

#### **Current Employment Dispute Resolution**

 PMEs would only be eligible to claim for wrongful dismissal if they have served the employer for <u>at least 12</u> months

#### <u>Amended Employment Dispute Resolution</u>

PMEs would only be eligible to claim for wrongful dismissal if they have served the employer for at least 6 months

### **Section 5:**

Other Amendments to the Employment Act



#### Other Amendments to the Employment Act

## Recognize medical certificates from all doctors for paid sick leave and clarification on hospitalization

#### **Employment Practice Under the Current EA**

 Today, employers are required under the EA to accord paid sick leave only if the medical certificate (MC) is issued by Government and company-appointed doctors.

#### Amended Employment Practice under the Amended EA

- Requiring employers to recognize medical certificates for being unfit to work from all doctors, instead of only those issued by Government and company-appointed doctors
- Further clarifications were provided on the coverage of paid-hospitalization leave to include:
  - The period of hospitalization;
  - > The period of recuperation after being discharged from the hospital; and
  - > Situations whereby the patient is ill enough to require hospitalization, but is not hospitalized
- Employers will be required to recognize MCs for the purpose of granting hospitalization leave. In some cases, hospitalization may be required but the employee may prefer to rest at home.

# DEZAN SHIRA & ASSOCIATES Your Partner for Growth in Asia **CHINA** INDIA THE PHILIPPINES VIETNAM **MALAYSIA SINGAPORE** INDONESIA Dezan Shira & Associates Offices

Dezan Shira Asian Alliance Members

#### **Global Offices**

#### CHINA

Beijing Shenzhen Hangzhou

beijing@dezshira.com hangzhou@dezshira.com

shenzhen@dezshira.com

Ningbo

dallan@dezshira.com

Suzhou

suzhou@dezshira.com ningbo@dezshira.com

Dongguan

dongguan@dezshira.com

Qingdao

qingdao@dezshira.com

Tianjin

tianjin@dezshira.com

Guangzhou

guangzhou@dezshira.com

Shanghai

shanghai@dezshira.com

Zhongshan

zhongshan@dezshira.com

HONG KONG

INDONESIA

SINGAPORE

hongkong@dezshira.com

indonesia@dezshira.com

singapore@dezshira.com

INDIA

Delhi Mumbai

delhi@dezshira.com

mumbai@dezshira.com

VIETNAM

Hanoi hanoi@dezshira.com

Ho Chi Minh City hcmc@dezshira.com

DEZAN SHIRA ASIAN ALLIANCE MEMBERS

Malaysia

malaysia@dezshira.com

The Philippines philippines@dezshira.com Thailand

thailand@dezshira.com

**DEZAN SHIRA LIAISON OFFICES** 

germandesk@dezshira.com

italiandesk@dezshira.com

United States usa@dezshira.com







#### Scan this QR code

Visit our mobile page and get the latest updates investors news and resources with us